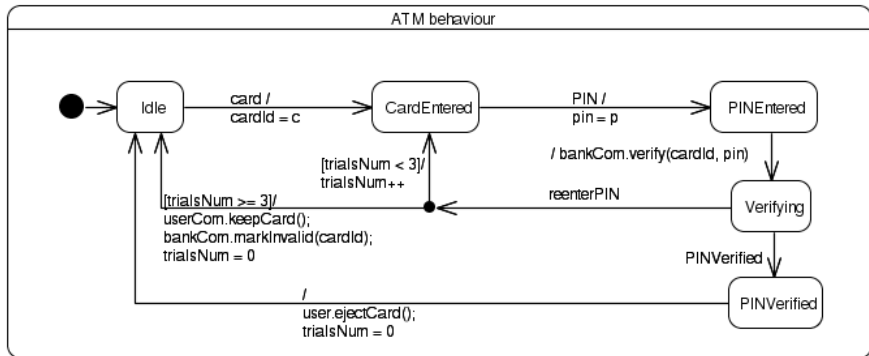


# A Sample State Machine



An *environment signature* is a triple of sets

$$H = (G_H, A_H, M_H)$$

of guards, actions, and messages.

Guards: formulas in some logical language, e.g. OCL.

Actions (effects): operations of class diagram, assignments of attributes etc.

Messages (triggers): signals and operations of class diagram

Given a signature  $H = (G_H, A_H, M_H)$ ,  
 $\text{Mod}^{\text{Env}}(H)$  consists of triples

$$\Omega = (|\Omega|, \gamma_\Omega : G_H \rightarrow \wp|\Omega|, \alpha_\Omega : A_H \rightarrow (|\Omega| \rightarrow |\Omega| \times \wp(M_H))) ,$$

where

- $|\Omega|$ : set of data states,
- $\omega \in \gamma_\Omega(g)$ : state  $\omega \in |\Omega|$  satisfies guard  $g$ ,
- $(\omega', \bar{m}) = \alpha_\Omega(a)(\omega)$ : action  $a$  leads from state  $\omega \in |\Omega|$  to state  $\omega' \in |\Omega|$  producing the set of messages  $\bar{m} \subseteq M_H$ .

# Environment Sentences

The set of environment *sentences*  $Sen^{\text{Env}}(H)$  for an environment signature  $H = (G_H, A_H, M_H)$  comprises the expressions

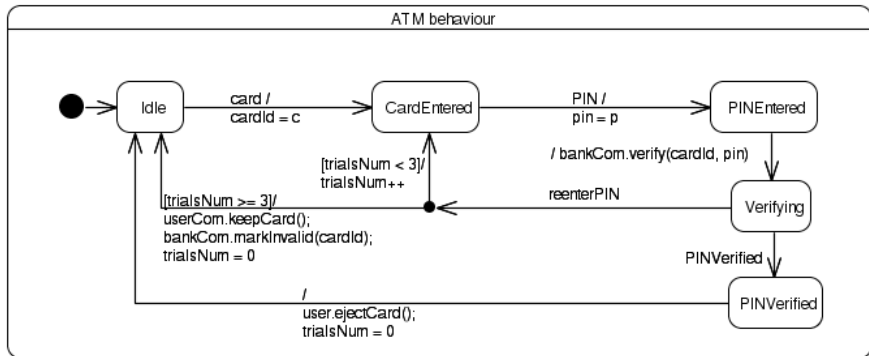
$$g_{\text{pre}} \rightarrow [a]\bar{m} \triangleright g_{\text{post}}$$

with  $g_{\text{pre}}, g_{\text{post}} \in G_H$ ,  $a \in A_H$ , and  $\bar{m} \subseteq M_H$ .

Intuitive meaning: if pre-condition  $g_{\text{pre}}$  holds,  
then, after executing  $a$ ,  
messages  $\bar{m}$  are produced and  
post-condition  $g_{\text{post}}$  holds.

$\Omega \models_H^{\text{Env}} g_{\text{pre}} \rightarrow [a]\bar{m} \triangleright g_{\text{post}}$  holds if, and only if,  
for all  $\omega \in |\Omega|$ , if  $\omega \in \gamma_{\Omega}(g_{\text{pre}})$  and  $(\omega', \bar{m}') = \alpha_{\Omega}(a)(\omega)$ ,  
then  $\omega' \in \gamma_{\Omega}(g_{\text{post}})$  and  $\bar{m} \subseteq \bar{m}'$ .

# A Sample State Machine



# Signature and Sentences for the Sample State Machine

Environment signature:

**guards** true, trialsNum  $\leq$  3,  
**actions** user.ejectCard(); trialsNum = 0, trialsNum++,  
**messages** user.ejectCard(), bank.markInvalid(cardId)

Sample environment sentences (for  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ):

true  $\rightarrow$  [user.ejectCard(); trialsNum = 0]{user.ejectCard()}  
     $\triangleright$  trialsNum == 0  
trialsNum ==  $n \rightarrow$  [trialsNum++] $\emptyset \triangleright$  trialsNum ==  $n + 1$

# Labeled Transition Systems

## Definition (Labeled Transition System)

A labeled transition system LTS is a tuple  $(S, L, \rightarrow, I)$ , where

- $S$  is a set of states,
- $L$  is a set of actions,
- $\rightarrow \subseteq S \times L \times S$  is a transition relation, and
- $I \subseteq S$  is a set of initial states.

Optionally, there can also be a set of final states (in this case, an LTS is the same as a finite automaton).

We write  $s \xrightarrow{a} s'$  for  $(s, a, s') \in \rightarrow$ .

## Definition (Direct successors)

$Post(s, a) = \{s' \in S \mid s \xrightarrow{a} s'\}$  (for  $s \in S, a \in L$ )

## Definition (Deterministic LTS)

LTS is deterministic, if  $|I| = 1$  and  $|Post(s, a)| \leq 1 \quad \forall s \in S, a \in L$

## Definition (Finite run)

Given an LTS  $(S, L, \rightarrow, I)$ , a finite run  $\rho$  is a finite alternating sequence of states and actions starting with some  $s_0 \in I$  and ending with a state

$$\rho = s_0 a_1 s_1 \dots a_n s_n \text{ such that } s_i \xrightarrow{a_{i+1}} s_{i+1}$$

for all  $0 \leq i < n$ .  $n \geq 0$  is the length of the run.

## Definition (Infinite run)

Given an LTS  $(S, L, \rightarrow, I)$ , an infinite run  $\rho$  is a infinite alternating sequence of states starting with some  $s_0 \in I$

$$\rho = s_0 a_1 s_1 a_2 s_2 \dots \text{ such that } s_i \xrightarrow{a_{i+1}} s_{i+1}$$

for all  $0 \leq i$ .



# State Machines as Labeled Transition Systems

Given:  $H = (G_H, A_H, M_H)$  environment signature.

Signature:  $\Sigma = (E_\Sigma, S_\Sigma)$  (events and states) with  $E_\Sigma \cap S_\Sigma = \emptyset$ .

Labels:  $L = (E_\Sigma \cup S_\Sigma) \times G_H \times A_H$

triggering event (declared or completion event), guard, action

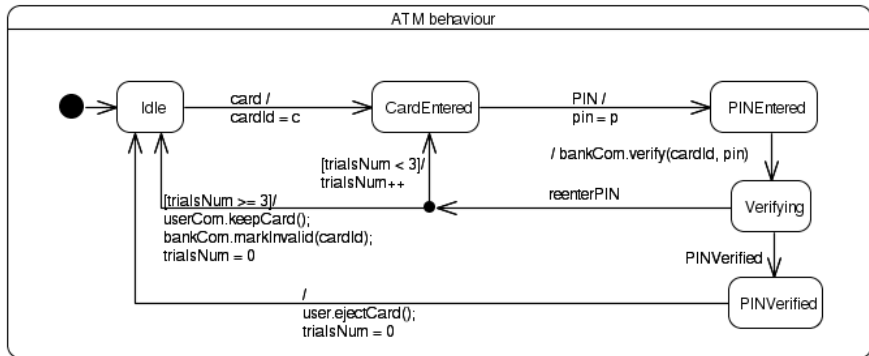
Syntactic labeled transition system of a state machine:

$$(S_\Sigma, L, T \subseteq S_\Sigma \times L \times S_\Sigma, \{s_0\})$$

- $T$ : transition relation, representing transitions from a state to another state.
- $s_0$ : initial state

Note: for simplicity, we omit hierarchical states.

# A Sample State Machine



# Syntactic LTS for Sample State Machine

Signature:  $(E_{ATM}, S_{ATM})$  with

$$E_{ATM} = \{\text{card}, \text{PIN}, \text{reenterPIN}, \text{PINVerified}\}$$
$$S_{ATM} = \{\text{Idle}, \text{CardEntered}, \text{PINEntered}, \text{Verifying}, \text{PINVerified}\}$$

The syntactic LTS of the state machine:

$$\begin{aligned} &(\{(\text{Idle}, \text{card}, \text{true}, \text{cardId} = c, \text{CardEntered}), \\ &\quad (\text{CardEntered}, \text{PIN}, \text{true}, \text{pin} = p, \text{PINEntered}), \\ &\quad (\text{PINEntered}, \text{PINEntered}, \text{true}, \text{bank.verify}(\text{cardId}, \text{pin}), \text{Verifying}), \\ &\quad (\text{Verifying}, \text{reenterPIN}, \text{trialsNum} < 2, \text{trialsNum}++, \\ &\quad \quad \text{CardEntered}), \dots\}, \{\text{Idle}\}) \end{aligned}$$

In particular, PINEntered occurs both as a state and as a completion event in the third transition. The junction pseudostate for making the decision whether  $\text{trialsNum} < 2$  or  $\text{trialsNum} \geq 2$  has been resolved by combining the transitions.

# The Induced Semantic Labeled Transition System

Syntactic LTS: control states  $S_\Sigma$

Semantic LTS: control and data states:

States:  $C = |\Omega| \times \wp(E_\Sigma \cup S_\Sigma) \times S_\Sigma$   
environment state, an event pool, and a control state

Labels:  $L = \wp(M_H)$  set of messages

The event pool may contain both events declared in the signature (from signals and operations) and completion events (represented by states).

Transition relation:

$$\Delta_T = \{((\omega, p \uplus \bar{p}, s), \bar{m} \cap (M_H \setminus E_\Sigma), (\omega', \bar{p} \triangleleft ((\bar{m} \cap E_\Sigma) \cup \{s'\}), s')) \mid \\ \omega \in \gamma_\Omega(g), (\omega', \bar{m}) = \alpha_\Omega(a)(\omega), (s, (p, g, a), s') \in T\} \cup \\ \{((\omega, p \uplus \bar{p}, s), \emptyset, (\omega, \bar{p}, s)) \mid \\ \forall (s, (p', g, a), s') \in T. p \neq p' \vee \omega \notin \gamma_\Omega(g)\}$$

$p \uplus \bar{p}$ :  $p$  is next event to be processed

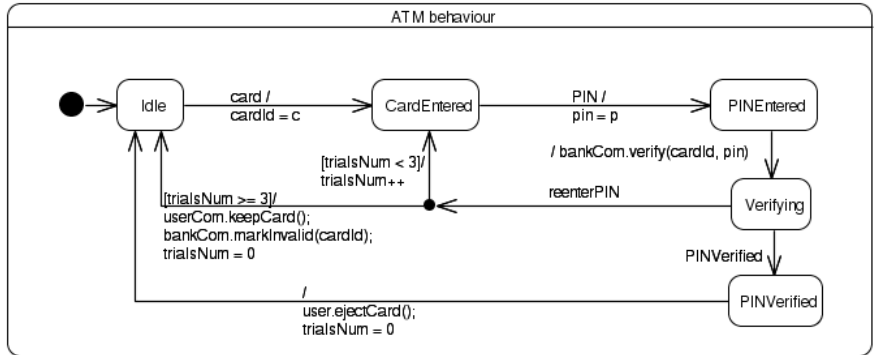
$\bar{p} \triangleleft \bar{p}'$ : adds events  $\bar{p}'$  to pool  $\bar{p}$

$\bar{m} \cap (M_H \setminus E_\Sigma)$ : messages emitted

$(\bar{m} \cap E_\Sigma \cup \{s'\})$ : accepted events in  $E_\Sigma$  and completion event when entering state  $s'$  are added to the event pool.

When no transition is triggered by the current event, the event is discarded (this will happen, in particular, to all superfluously generated completion events).

# Sample State Machine



Protocol state machines: pre- and a postcondition instead of guards and effects.

Events that do not fire a transition are an error.

The syntactic LTS is changed to:

$$(T \subseteq S_{\Sigma} \times (G_H \times E_{\Sigma} \times G_H \times \wp(M_H)) \times S_{\Sigma}, \{s_0\})$$

where

- the two occurrences of  $G_H$  represent the pre- and the post-conditions,
- $\wp(M_H)$  represents the messages that have to be sent out in executing the triggering event